

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

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1. (Currently Amended) A multiple communication device of the type with parallel operation, comprising:

- a first subunit (26) at least receiving input signals at a predetermined input level;
- a second subunit (30) at least transmitting output signals at a specific time, frequency and output level such that said output level is very large compared to said input level of said first subunit (26);

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wherein— an operation mode of said first subunit (26) is modified when said second subunit (30) is transmitting output signals, said modification allowing said first subunit to remain fully operational.

2. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 1, wherein said first subunit (26) comprises an operation mode modification unit (34) to receive at least one signal specifying at least one of time, frequency, and and/or output level in said second subunit for operation mode modification in said first subunit.

3. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 2, wherein said operation mode modification unit (34) is adapted to modify an input characteristic of said first subunit (26).

4. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 3, wherein
said input characteristic of said first subunit is modified through a low noise amplifier, said low
noise amplifier (36) having at least one of at least two operation modes, and/or a tunable filter,
(38) and/or a switchable receiver, (70) and/or and an antenna with tunable gain.

5. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 4, wherein
said low noise amplifier (36) has at least two operation modes and comprises:

— a switchable bias network (40) adapted to define at least two biasing conditions of
said low noise amplifier; and

— a switchable matching network (44) adapted to optimize noise performance, gain
and stability of said low noise amplifier for said at least two biasing conditions;

wherein— a first biasing condition is related to a normal operation mode to optimize
noise performance and achieve low current consumption in said first subunit (26) when no
transmit bursts are generated by said second subunit (30); and— a second biasing condition is
related to a gain adjustment mode to improve blocking performance when transmit bursts are
generated by said second subunit (30).

6. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 5, wherein
said operation mode modification unit (34) employs at least one signal to activate said normal
operation mode, said at least one signal ~~being selected from a group comprising~~ comprises at least
one of:

- at least a signal indicating receiver operation;
- a signal to select frequency band and mode;
- at least one signal containing baseband information of said received signal;
- at least one signal being used to set a specific divider ratio; and
- at least one positioning system S/N measurement signal.

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7. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 5, wherein
at least one of control signals and and/or input signals defining a transmitter signal of said second
subunit (30) are employed to activate said gain adjustment mode.

8. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 7, wherein
at least one control signal ~~is selected from a group comprising~~ comprises at least one of:

- a control signal indicating transmitter operation;
- a control signal adapted to activate an antenna switch in said transmitter;
- a control signal to select frequency band or mode;
- a control signal to set a ramping and power level of a power amplifier; and
- a control signals that are used to set a transmitter specific divider ratio.

9. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 7, wherein
said at least one input signal ~~is selected from a group comprising~~ comprises at least one of:

- at least one input signals containing signal including baseband information for

transmission;

- a local oscillator input signal in a transmit/receive chain;
- at least one transceiver transmitter signals signal detected by an RF detector;
- at least one interfering RF-signals signal received by an antenna (28) of said first subunit (26) and detected through a further detector.

10. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 8, wherein said at least one input signal is selected from a group comprising comprises at least one of

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- at least one input signals containing signal including baseband information for transmission;
- a local oscillator input signal in a transmit/receive chain;
- at least one transceiver transmitter signals signal detected by an RF detector;
- at least one interfering RF-signals signal received by an antenna (28) of said first subunit (26) and detected through a further detector.

11. (Currently Amended) A multiple communication device of the type with parallel operation, comprising:

- a first subunit (26) at least receiving input signals at a predetermined input level;
- a second subunit (30) at least transmitting output signals at a specific time, frequency and output level such that said output level is very large compared to said input level of said first subunit (26);

wherein— an operation mode of said first subunit (26) is modified when said second subunit (30) is transmitting output signals;

— said first subunit (26) comprises an operation mode modification unit (34) to receive at least one signal specifying at least one of time, frequency, and and/or output level in said second subunit for operation mode modification in said first subunit;

— said operation mode modification unit (34) is adapted to modify an input characteristic of said first subunit (26);

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— said input characteristic of said first subunit is modified through a low noise amplifier (36) having at least one of at least two operation modes, and/or a tunable filter, (38) and/or a switchable receiver, and (70) and/or an antenna with tunable gain;

— said low noise amplifier (36) has at least two operation modes and comprises:

— a switchable bias network (40) adapted to define at least two biasing conditions of said low noise amplifier; and

— a switchable matching network (44) is adapted to optimize noise performance, gain and stability of said low noise amplifier for said at least two biasing conditions; and

wherein— a first biasing condition is related to a normal operation mode to optimize noise performance and achieve low current consumption in said first subunit (26) when no transmit bursts are generated by said second subunit (30);

— a second biasing condition is related to a gain adjustment mode to improve blocking performance when transmit bursts are generated by said second subunit

(30); and

— said switchable matching network is adapted to define said at least two biasing conditions for an amplification element (42) of said low noise amplifier.

12. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 11, wherein said operation mode modification unit (34) employs at least one signal to activate said normal operation mode, and wherein said at least one signal ~~being selected from a group comprising~~ comprises at least one of:

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— at least a signal indicating receiver operation;
— a signal to select frequency band and mode;
— at least one signal ~~containing~~ including baseband information of said received signal;
— at least one signal being used to set a specific divider ratio; and
— at least one positioning system SIN measurement signal.

13. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 11, wherein at least one of control signals and and/or input signals defining a transmitter signal of said second subunit (30) are employed to activate said gain adjustment mode.

14. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 13, wherein said at least one control signal ~~is selected from a group comprising~~ comprises at least one

of:

- a control signal indicating transmitter operation;
- a control signal adapted to activate an antenna switch in said transmitter;
- a control signal to select frequency band or mode;
- a control signal to set a ramping and power level of a power amplifier; and
- at least one control signals signal that are is used to set a transmitter specific divider ratio.

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15. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 13, wherein said at least one input signal is ~~selected from a group comprising~~ comprises at least one of:

- at least one input signals containing signal including baseband information for transmission;
- a local oscillator input signal in a transmit/receive chain;
- at least one transceiver transmitter signals signal detected by an RF-detector;
- at least one interfering RF-signals signal received by an antenna (28) of said first subunit (26) and detected through a further detector.

16. (Currently Amended) A multiple communication device of the type with parallel operation, comprising:

- a first subunit (26) at least receiving input signals at a predetermined input level;

— a second subunit (30) at least transmitting output signals at a specific time, frequency and output level such that said output level is very large compared to said input level of said first subunit (26);

wherein— an operation mode of said first subunit (26) is modified when said second subunit (30) is transmitting output signals;

wherein— said first subunit (26) comprises an operation mode modification unit (34) to receive at least one signal specifying at least one of time, frequency, and and/or output level in said second subunit for operation mode modification in said first subunit, —said operation mode modification unit (34) is adapted to modify an input characteristic of said first subunit (26);

wherein— said input characteristic of said first subunit is modified through a low noise amplifier (36) having at least one of at least two operation modes, and/or a tunable filter, (38) and/or a switchable receiver, and (70) and/or an antenna with tunable gain; and

wherein— said switchable matching network is adapted to define said at least two biasing conditions for an amplification element (42) of said low noise amplifier or—said tunable filter (64) is adapted to block said interference signal only when transmit bursts are generated by said second subunit (30).

17. (Currently Amended) A multiple communication device of the type with parallel operation, comprising:

— a first subunit (26) at least receiving input signals at a predetermined input level; — a second subunit (30) at least transmitting output signals at a specific time,

frequency and output level such that said output level is very large compared to said input level of said first subunit (26);

wherein— an operation mode of said first subunit (26) is modified when said second subunit (30) is transmitting output signals;

wherein — said first subunit (26) comprises an operation mode modification unit (34) to receive at least one signal specifying at least one of time, frequency, and and/or output level in said second subunit for operation mode modification in said first subunit, ;—said operation mode modification unit (34) is adapted to modify an input characteristic of said first subunit, (26),—
—said

input characteristic of said first subunit is modified through a low noise amplifier (36) having at least one of at least two operation modes, and/or a tunable filter, (38) and/or a switchable receiver, and (70) and/or an antenna with tunable gain; and

wherein— said switchable receiver comprises:

- a first low noise amplifier (72) being directly connected to an antenna adapted to receive a signal for localization and to amplify the position system localization signal;
- a second low noise amplifier (74) adapted to amplify the signal for localization; and
- a filter (76) connected between said antenna and said second low noise amplifier and adapted to reject blocking signals; and wherein— in case a performance of said low noise amplifier (72) is limited due to an interfering signal

18. (Currently Amended) The multiple communication device of claim 17, wherein said second low noise amplifier (74) with said filter (76) connected thereto is activated

18. (Currently Amended) The multiple communication device of claim 17, wherein said low noise amplifier has at least two operation modes and comprises:

— a switchable bias network adapted to define at least two biasing conditions of said low noise amplifier; and

— a switchable matching network is adapted to optimize noise performance, gain and stability of said low noise amplifier for said at least two biasing conditions;

wherein— a first biasing condition is related to a normal operation mode to optimize noise performance and achieve low current consumption in said first subunit (26) when no transmit bursts are generated by said second subunit (30); and

wherein— a second biasing condition is related to a gain adjustment mode to improve blocking performance when transmit bursts are generated by said second subunit (30).

19. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 18, wherein said operation mode modification unit (34) employs at least one signal to activate said normal operation mode, said at least one signal being selected from a group comprising comprises at least one of:

— at least a signal indicating receiver operation;
— a signal to select frequency band and mode;

- at least one signal containing baseband information of said received signal;
- at least one signal being used to set a specific divider ratio; and
- at least one positioning system S/N measurement signal.

20. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 18, wherein at least one of control signals and and/or input signals defining a transmitter signal of said second subunit (30) are employed to activate said gain adjustment mode.

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21. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 18, wherein said at least one control signal is selected from a group comprising comprises at least one of:

- a control signal indicating transmitter operation;
- a control signal adapted to activate an antenna in said transmitter;
- a control signal to select frequency band or mode;
- a control signal to set a ramping and power level of a power amplifier; and
- at least one control signals that are signal used to set a transmitter specific divider ratio.

22. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 20, wherein said at least one input signal is selected from a group comprising comprises at least one of:

— at least one input signals containing signal including baseband information for transmission;

— a local oscillator input signal in a transmit/receive chain;

— at least one transceiver transmitter signals signal detected by an RF-detector;

— at least one interfering RF-signals signal received by an antenna (28) of said first subunit (26) and detected through a further detector.

23. (Currently Amended) The multiple standard communication device of claim 21,
A1 wherein said at least one input signal is selected from a group comprising comprises at least one of:

— at least one input signals containing signal including baseband information for transmission;

— a local oscillator input signal in a transmit/receive chain;

— transceiver transmitter signals detected by an RF-detector;

— at least one interfering RF-signals signal received by an antenna (28) of said first subunit (26) and detected through a further detector.

24. (Currently Amended) A multiple communication device of the type with parallel operation, comprising:

— a first subunit (26) at least receiving input signals at a predetermined input level;

— a second subunit (30) at least transmitting output signals at a specific time,

frequency and output level such that said output level is very large compared to said input level of said first subunit (26);

wherein— an operation mode of said first subunit (26) is modified when said second subunit (30) is transmitting output signals, said modification allowing said first subunit to remain fully operational;

wherein— said first subunit (26) comprises an operation mode modification unit (34) to receive at least one signal specifying at least one of time, frequency, and and/or output level in said second subunit for operation mode modification in said first subunit;

wherein— said operation mode modification unit (34) is adapted to modify an input characteristic of said first subunit (26); and— said input characteristic of said first subunit is modified through a low noise amplifier (36) having at least one of at least two operation modes, and/or a tunable filter, (38) and/or a switchable receiver, and (70) and/or an antenna with tunable gain; and

wherein— antenna characteristics are adapted to enhance blocking performance of said first subunit (26) for shifting said frequency with maximum gain in case of presence of a blocking signal so as to provide additional attenuation for out of band signals.

25. (Currently Amended) A multiple communication device of the type with parallel operation, comprising:

- a first subunit (26) at least receiving input signals at a predetermined input level;
- a second subunit (30) at least transmitting output signals at a specific time,

frequency and output level such that said output level is very large compared to said input level of said first subunit (26);

wherein— an operation mode of said first subunit (26) is modified when said second subunit (30) is transmitting output signals, said modification allowing said first subunit to remain fully operational; and

wherein— said first subunit is a global positioning system (GPS) receiver and said second subunit outputs two transmission signals according to a dual band mobile communication standard GSM 900/GSM 1900.

26. (Currently Amended) A method of operating a multiple standard communication device of the type with parallel operation, comprising a first subunit (26) at least receiving input signals at a predetermined input level and a second subunit (30) at least transmitting output signals at a specific time, frequency and output level such that the output level of the second subunit (30) is very large compared to the input level of the first subunit (26), comprising the step of:

— modifying an operation mode of the first subunit (26) when the second subunit (30) is transmitting output signals, said modification allowing said first subunit to remain fully operational.

27. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 26, wherein said operation mode of the first subunit (26) is modified in compliance with at least one of time, frequency, and and/or output

level in the transmitting second subunit (30).

28. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 27, wherein said operation mode is modified by changing an input characteristic of the first subunit (26).

29. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 28, wherein said input characteristic of the first subunit (26) is modified via a low noise amplifier (36) having at least one of at least two operation modes, and/or a tunable filter, (64) and/or a switchable receiver, and (70) and/or a tunable antenna gain.

30. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 29, wherein operation mode modification is executed using at least one signal to activate a normal operation mode in the second subunit (30).

31. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 29, wherein at least one of control signals and and/or input signals defining a transmitter signal in the second subunit (30) are employed to initiate the operation mode modification in the first subunit (26).

32. (Currently Amended) A computer program product directly loadable into an internal memory of a digital computer, comprising software code portions for performing a method of operating a multiple standard communication device of the type with parallel operation,

comprising a first subunit (26) at least receiving input signals at a predetermined input level and a second subunit (30) at least transmitting output signals at a specific time, frequency and output level such that said output level of said second subunit (30) is very large compared to said input level of said first subunit (26), with a step modifying an operation mode of said first subunit (26) when said second subunit (30) is transmitting output signals when the computer program product is run on a computer, wherein said modified operation mode allows said first subunit to remain fully operational.

33. (Original) The computer program product of claim 32 which is stored on a computer storage medium.